

ULTRATEC PRO

Waterproofing membrane

Description

Pre-fabricated waterproofing membrane made of distilled bitumen and elastoplastic polymers (APP) having a woven non woven single strand composite polyester reinforcement, which provide the membrane with high mechanical characteristics and excellent dimensional stability. The use of these recycled and regenerated raw materials and the special processes allow the realization of light waterproofing masses, with an excellent thickness / weight ratio (in the P 4 mm version the weight of the roll is about 40 kg). The P version, on the upper face, has a woven non woven polypropylene finish which improves the walkability and allows for immediate coating. The particular upper face finish has multiple advantages, of which:

- improved aesthetics;
- improved walkability on the membrane;
- improved coefficient of friction, preventing slippages especially on sloped roofs;
- easier to coat and time savings (can be done immediately after application) as well as aesthetics;
- increased tear resistance. Very useful when mechanically fixing, as it increases the overall performance of the fixing of the washer (less deformation);
- ease of application also of the overlaps whereas the polypropylene mat is perfectly compatible with the waterproofing mass and actually increases the adhesion between the layers.

The PA versions are self protected on the upper face with mineral slates which reduce superficial heat absorption improving the durability of the membrane. The lower face of the membrane is finished with a PE film with striped embossing. The latter has the function of optimizing and maximizing adhesion of the membrane to the laying surface during hot application: respect at a traditional embossing, the surface is more uniform. The thousand lines per square meter operate a uniform marking and close-up of the PE film thus ensuring a homogeneous opening in the phase of application, obtaining the maximum adhesion to the application plan. Striped embossing facilitates the operator during the flaming because it requires less flame intensity and therefore less absorption of heat from the product itself, eliminating the problems of "Footprints" that occur on the upper face of the both smooth and slated products.

ADVANTAGES:

- Substantial energy saving of gas with considerable improvement of adhesion to the support, due to the properties of the mixture.
- Excellent workability thanks to the particular compound and for the high stability reinforcement.
- Excellent resistance to ageing.
- Excellent thickness / weight ratio, with significant reduction in the weight of the roll, with obvious advantages linked to transport, handling and application of the membrane.
- Excellent for the realization of vertical surveys and walls in the ground.

Methods of application

For the application of the membrane the use of heat is generally used by means of a gas torch or specific hot air machine. Use protective devices required by law.

Fields of use



EN13707 Continuous roofs (Certificate n° 0958-CPR-2045/1)

	N° layers			Method of application							Type of application			Type			
	Single Layer	Double Layer	Multilayer	Torch	Hot Air	Mixed (Torch / Air)	Cold Bond Glue	Mechanical Fixing	Thermo Adhesive / Self Adhesive	Fully Bonded	Partially Bonded	Loose Laid	Complimentary Layer	Top Layer	Heavy Protection	Anti-root	Other Uses
ULTRATEC PRO P 4 MM + TNT	■	■	■	■		■		■		■			■	■	■		
ULTRATEC PRO PA 4 MM ON SELVEDGE	■	■	■	■		■		■		■				■			
ULTRATEC PRO PA 4.5 KG/M²	■	■	■	■						■				■			

EN13859-1 Under roof tile

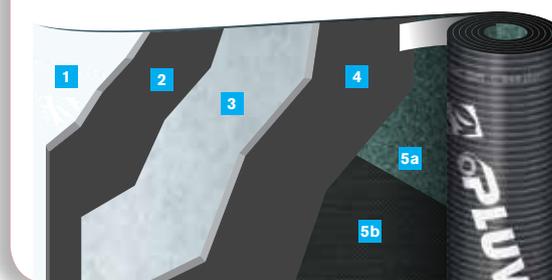
ULTRATEC PRO PA 4 MM ON SELVEDGE	■	■	■	■				■		■				■			
ULTRATEC PRO PA 4.5 KG/M²	■	■	■	■				■		■				■			

EN13969 Retaining walls (Certificate n° 0958-CPR-2045/1)

ULTRATEC PRO P 4 MM + TNT	■	■	■	■				■		■			■	■	■		
---------------------------	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	---	--	---	--	--	---	---	---	--	--

Stratigraphy

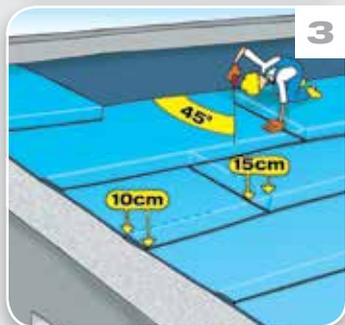
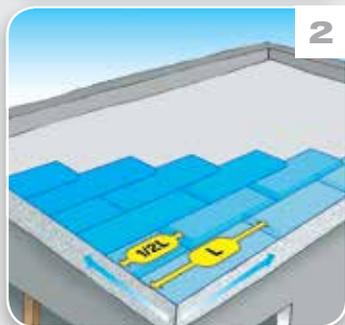
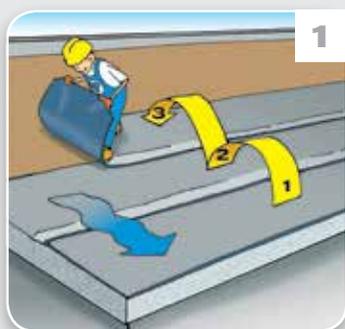
1. PE film
2. Waterproofing mass
3. Single strand composite polyester fabric
4. Waterproofing mass
- 5a. Mineral finish
- 5b. Polypropylene mat finish



The application by heat is not suggested when on heat sensitive materials (polystyrene insulation).

- Coordinate the operations in a way to not cause damage to the construction elements and underground structure. Avoid to leave the structure for the night or for periods of prolonged work interruptions without having been properly sealed.
- **The application surface must not have any depressions to avoid the risk of ponding water, the slope must be at least 1.5% on concrete decks and 3% for steel or wooden ones, this to guarantee a proper run off of rainwater.**
- The water drainage spouts should be sufficiently big enough to allow for rain water to be eliminated in an efficient way.
- Prepare cementitious substrates, including verticals and details, with a bituminous primer either by brush or airless, approx. 300/400 g/m².
- Allow this preparation layer to dry before proceeding with any other operation.
- With prefabricated constructions, apply a suitable reinforcing strip along all joints. In the presence of construction joints, prefabricated panels or metal decks, suitable expansion joints are to be considered.
- The membranes must be applied to the substrate fully bonded.
- All details, perimeters, verticals, change of slope as well as projecting area must be fully bonded.

How to apply



ULTRATEC PRO

Application

- On cementitious surfaces and similar apply, by roller or airless, bituminous primer, approx. consumption 300 g/m².
- Apply by torch application a 25 cm strip of membrane reinforced with polyester along all vertical up stands.
- To have all overlaps with the slope, position the membrane always starting from the lowest point. (Draw. N.1)
- Position the membrane sheets staggered, avoiding to create any overlaps against the slope and the drains. (Draw. N.2)
- Cut the corners of membrane sheet which will be laid under the next sheet at a 45° angle (10 x 10 cm). (Draw. N.3)
- The joints, both side and head, must be respectively overlapped by 10 & 15 cm. (Draw. N.3)
- The second layer of membrane will be applied astride and over the first one, always in the same direction, and approx. 1/4 of its length from the previous sheet. (Draw. N.4)
- The bituminous membrane will be applied with a propane gas torch to the substrate. It is necessary to heat the entire surface, except for the side & head laps, making sure that the compound forms a liquid mass in front of the roll to assure that it saturates any superficial porosity.
- The side laps (10 cm) and head laps (15 cm) will be heat welded with an appropriate torch; during this stage the overlaps should be pressed by using a roller (15 kg) from which a bead of compound should flow and therefore avoiding to have to iron the overlaps.
- Apply the vertical membrane sheet having the same characteristics of the waterproofing membrane and dimensions equal to the width of the roll, making sure that it overlaps the horizontal one by at least 10 cm, heating it with a gas torch and squeezing it with a trowel until a bead of compound appears from underneath.
- The height of the verticals must be equivalent or superior to the finished surface by at least 15 cm.

Recommendations

To best use the technical characteristics of bituminous membranes and guarantee the maximum performance and durability of the jobs where they are used, some simple but fundamental rules must be respected.

Technical data

Technical Characteristics	Measure Units	Reference Norm	P	PA	Tolerance
Type of reinforcement			Single strand polyester		
Upper face finish			Polypropylene mat	Mineral *	
Lower face finish			PE film		
Length	m	EN 1848-1	10 -1%	8 -1%	10 -1%
Width	m	EN 1848-1	1 -1%		
Thickness	mm	EN 1849-1	4	4 on selvedge	±5%
Mass	kg/m ²	EN 1849-1	4,5		
Cold flexibility	°C	EN 1109	-15		
Cold flexibility after ageing	°C	EN 1296 EN 1109	0		
Flow resistance	°C	EN 1110	140		
Flow resistance after ageing	°C	EN 1296	130		
Artificial U.V. ageing		EN 1297	pass		
Shear resistance L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 12317	700/500		
Tensile strength L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 12311-1	800/600		
Elongation at break L / T	%	EN 12311-1	40/40		
Tearing resistance L / T	N	EN 12310-1	170/170		
Static puncture resistance	kg	EN 12730	20		
Dynamic puncture resistance	mm	EN 12691	1250		
Dimensional stability	%	EN 1107-1	-0,3		
Peel resistance of joints L / T	N	EN 12316-1	40/40		
Loss mineral	%	EN 12039	30		
Fire resistance		EN 13501-5	F ROOF		
Fire reaction		EN 13501-1	F		
Tensile strength after ageing L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 1296	NPD		
Elongation at break after ageing L / T	%	EN 1296	NPD		
Impermeability after artificial ageing	kPa	EN 1296	60		
Watertightness	kPa	EN 1928	60		

Sizes & packing

	P 4 mm	PA 4 mm	PA 4,5 kg/m ²
Rolls size [m]	10x1	8x1	10x1
Rolls per pallet	24	23	23
Square meters per pallet [m ²]	240	184	230

Sizes & packing may vary depending on the type of transportation. The technical data given is based on average values obtained during production. We reserve the rights to change or modify the nominal values without prior notice or advice. The information contained in this data sheet are based on our experience. We cannot take any responsibility for a possible incorrect use of the products. The customer has to choose under their own responsibility a product fit for the intended use.

To best use the technical characteristics of bituminous membranes and guarantee the maximum performance and durability of the jobs where they are used, some simple but fundamental rules must be respected.

Technical data

Technical Characteristics	Measure Units	Reference Norm	P	PA	Tolerance
Type of reinforcement			Single strand polyester		
Upper face finish			Polypropylene mat	Mineral *	
Lower face finish			PE film		
Length	m	EN 1848-1	10 -1%	8 -1%	10 -1%
Width	m	EN 1848-1	1 -1%		
Thickness	mm	EN 1849-1	4	4 on selvedge	±5%
Mass	kg/m ²	EN 1849-1	4,5		
Cold flexibility	°C	EN 1109	-15		
Cold flexibility after ageing	°C	EN 1296 EN 1109	0		
Flow resistance	°C	EN 1110	140		
Flow resistance after ageing	°C	EN 1296	130		
Artificial U.V. ageing		EN 1297	pass		
Shear resistance L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 12317	700/500		
Tensile strength L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 12311-1	800/600		
Elongation at break L / T	%	EN 12311-1	40/40		
Tearing resistance L / T	N	EN 12310-1	170/170		
Static puncture resistance	kg	EN 12730	20		
Dynamic puncture resistance	mm	EN 12691	1250		
Dimensional stability	%	EN 1107-1	-0,3		
Peel resistance of joints L / T	N	EN 12316-1	40/40		
Loss mineral	%	EN 12039	30		
Fire resistance		EN 13501-5	F ROOF		
Fire reaction		EN 13501-1	F		
Tensile strength after ageing L / T	N / 5 cm	EN 1296	NPD		
Elongation at break after ageing L / T	%	EN 1296	NPD		
Impermeability after artificial ageing	kPa	EN 1296	60		
Watertightness	kPa	EN 1928	60		

* Mineral self-protected products may undergo color tone variations due to the time and length of storage. Exposure to atmospheric conditions, after application, will tend to uniform the color after a few months. The change in color tone cannot therefore be contested and / or complained of as it is a natural phenomenon that the slate manufacturer himself cannot guarantee.
NPD = No Performance Declared in accordance with the EU Construction Products Directive.